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(54) **TRIGGER FOR FIREARMS WITH
REMOVABLE MAGAZINE**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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A metal trigger for a firearm has a trigger body. A magazine receptacle is disposed in the trigger body and adapted to receive a removable cartridge magazine. A magazine securing lever is disposed on the trigger body. The trigger body has a feed ramp positioned at a slant at a ramp angle relative to a barrel of the firearm. The feed ramp is adapted to lift during reloading of the firearm a projectile tip of a cartridge from a removable cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle and to guide the cartridge in a direction of a cartridge chamber disposed in the barrel.

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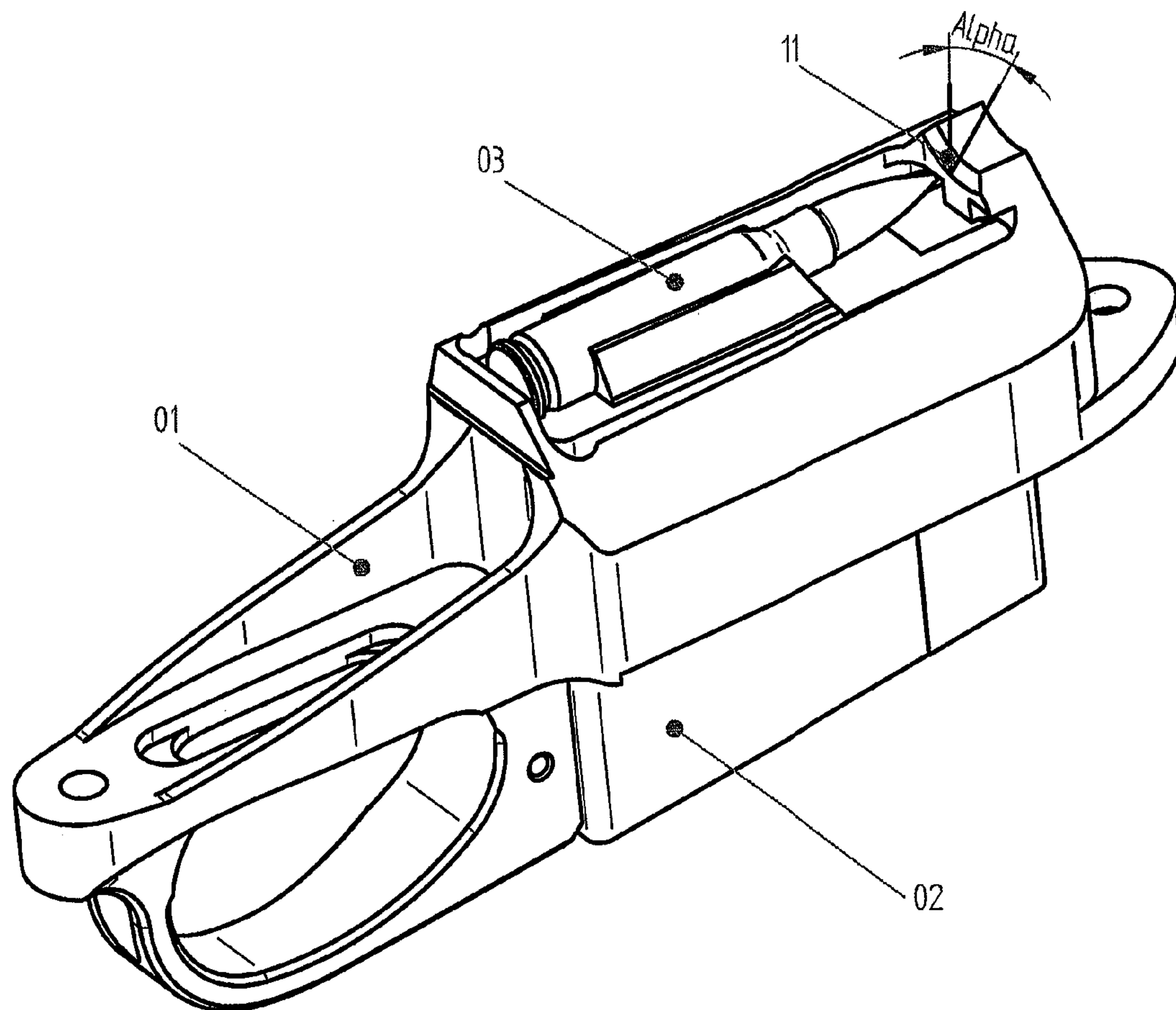


Fig. 1

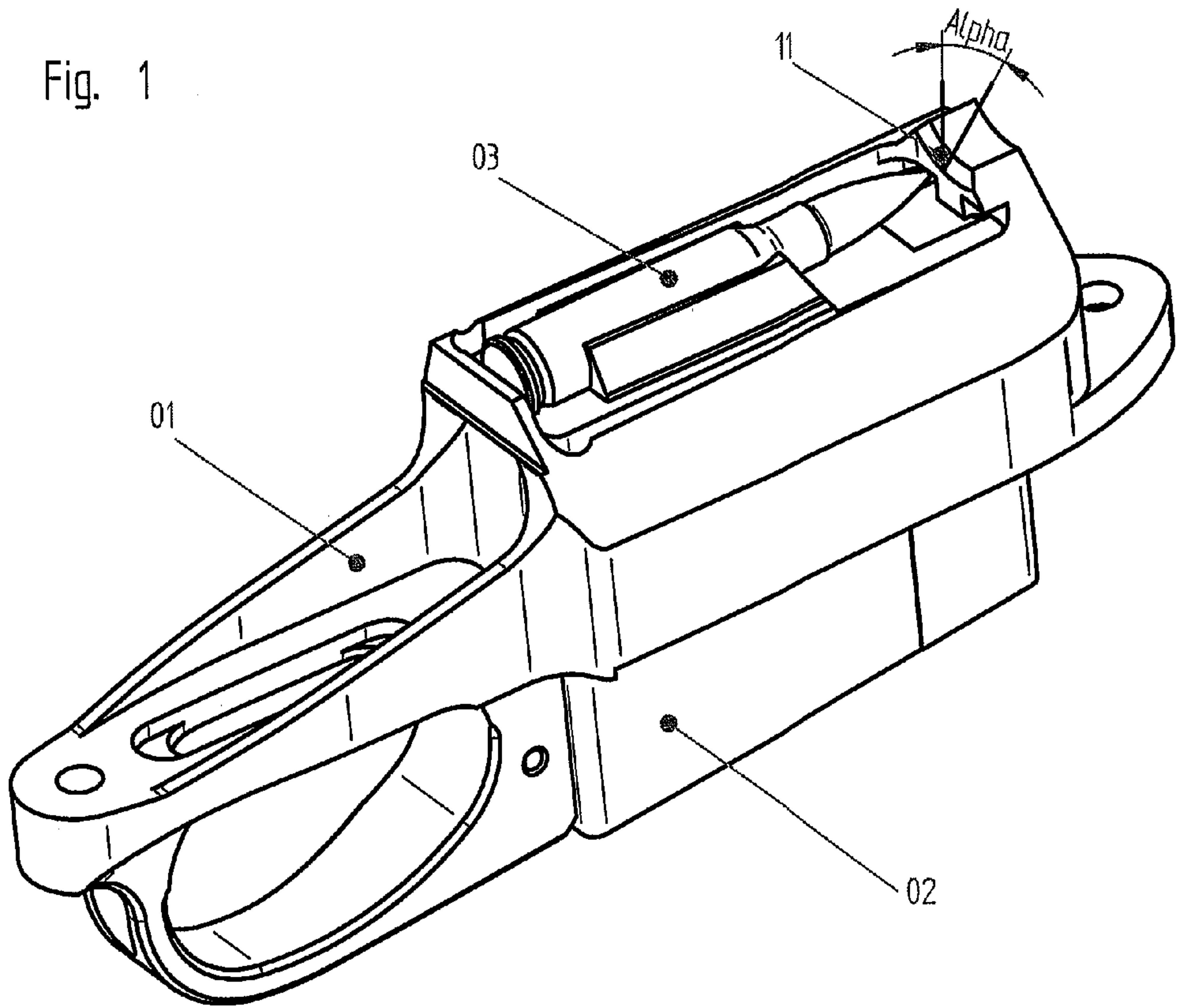


Fig. 2

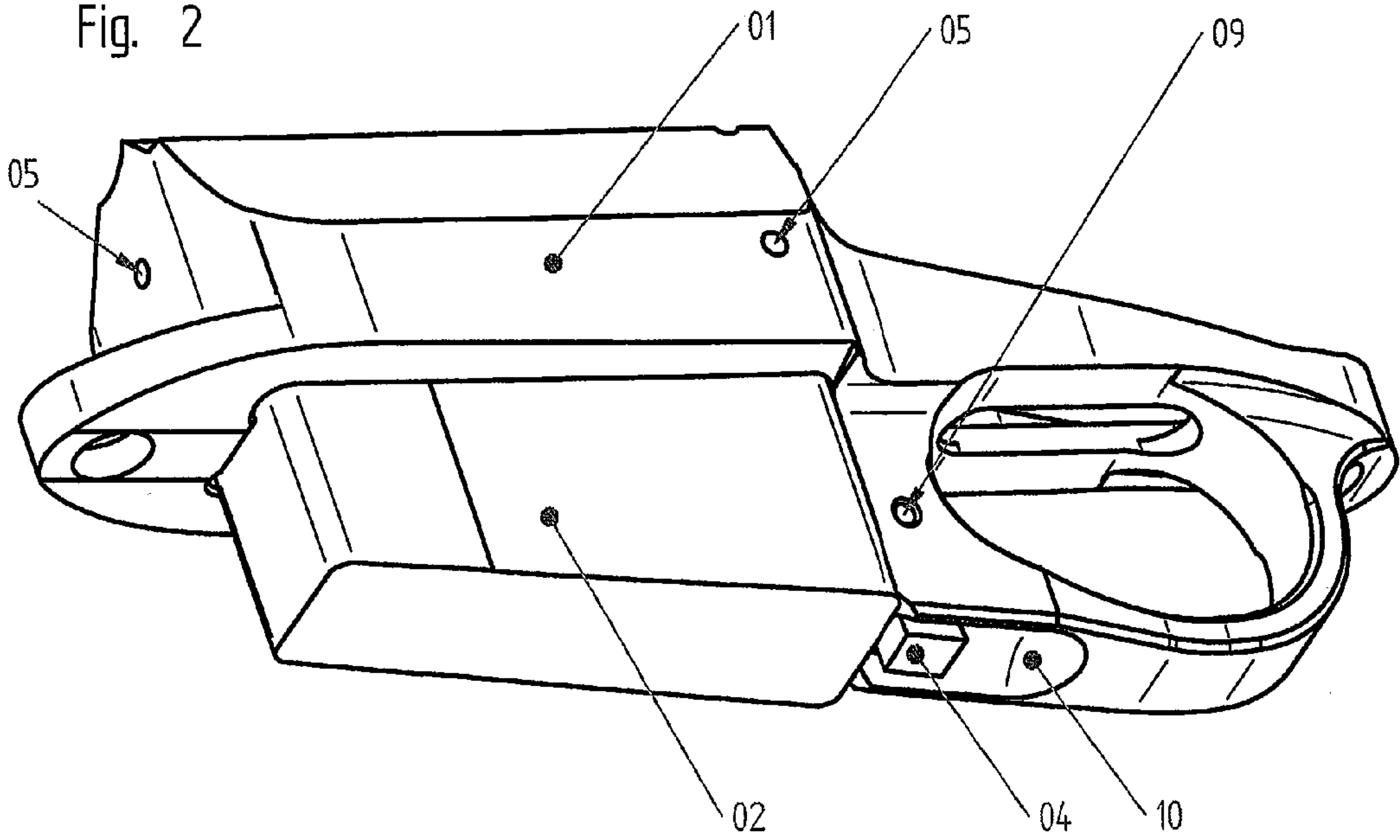


Fig. 3

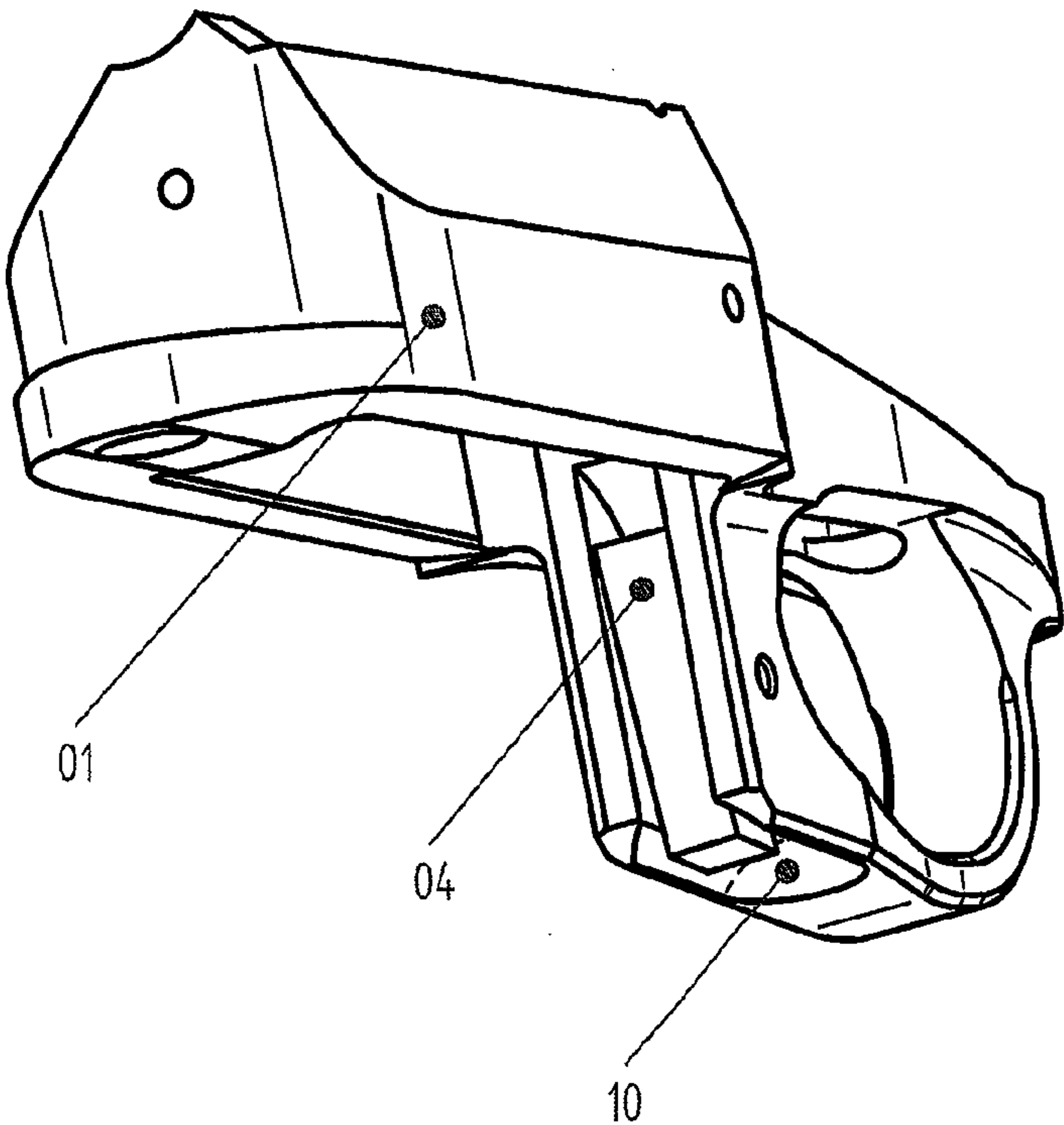


Fig. 4

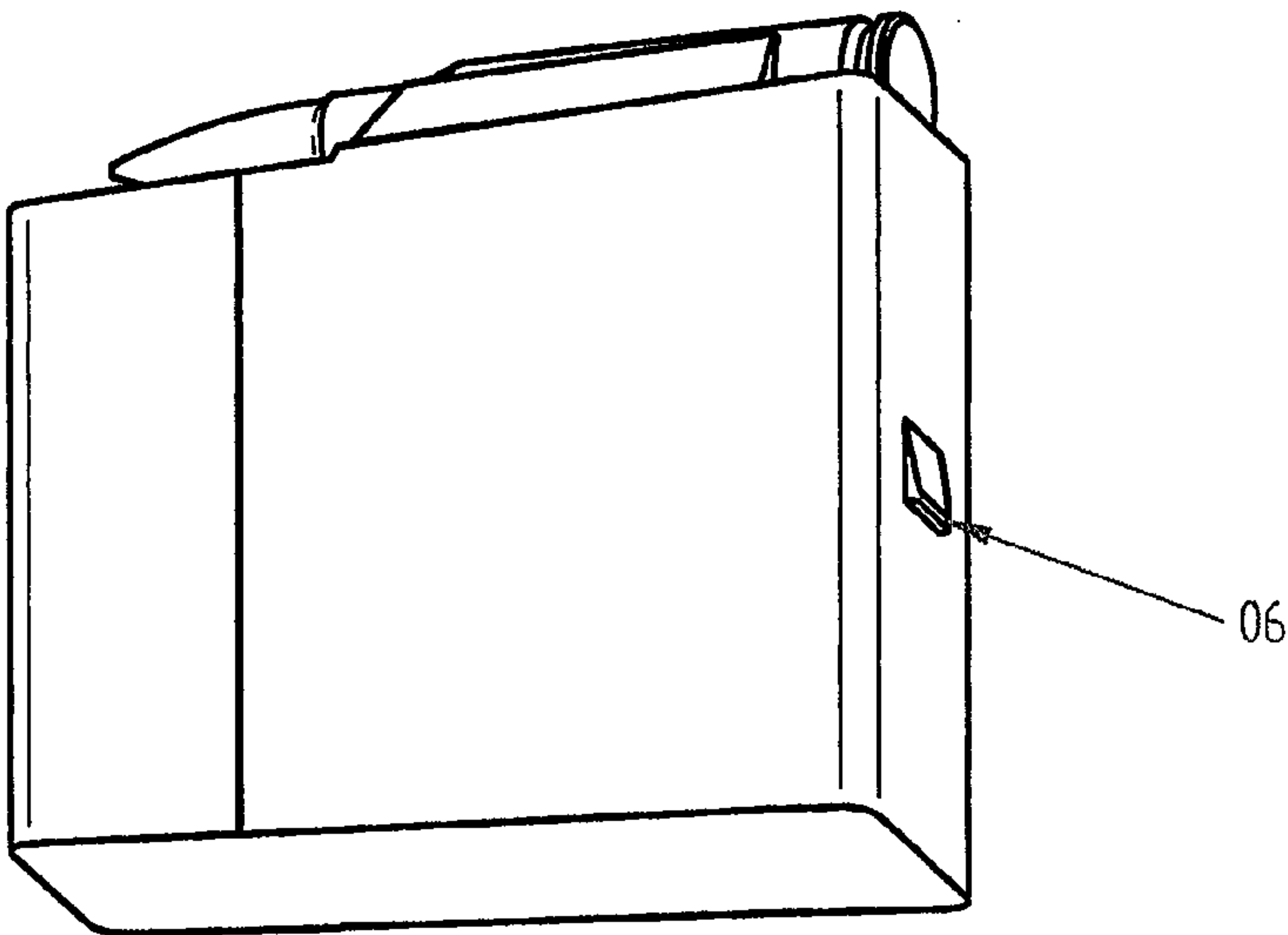


Fig. 5

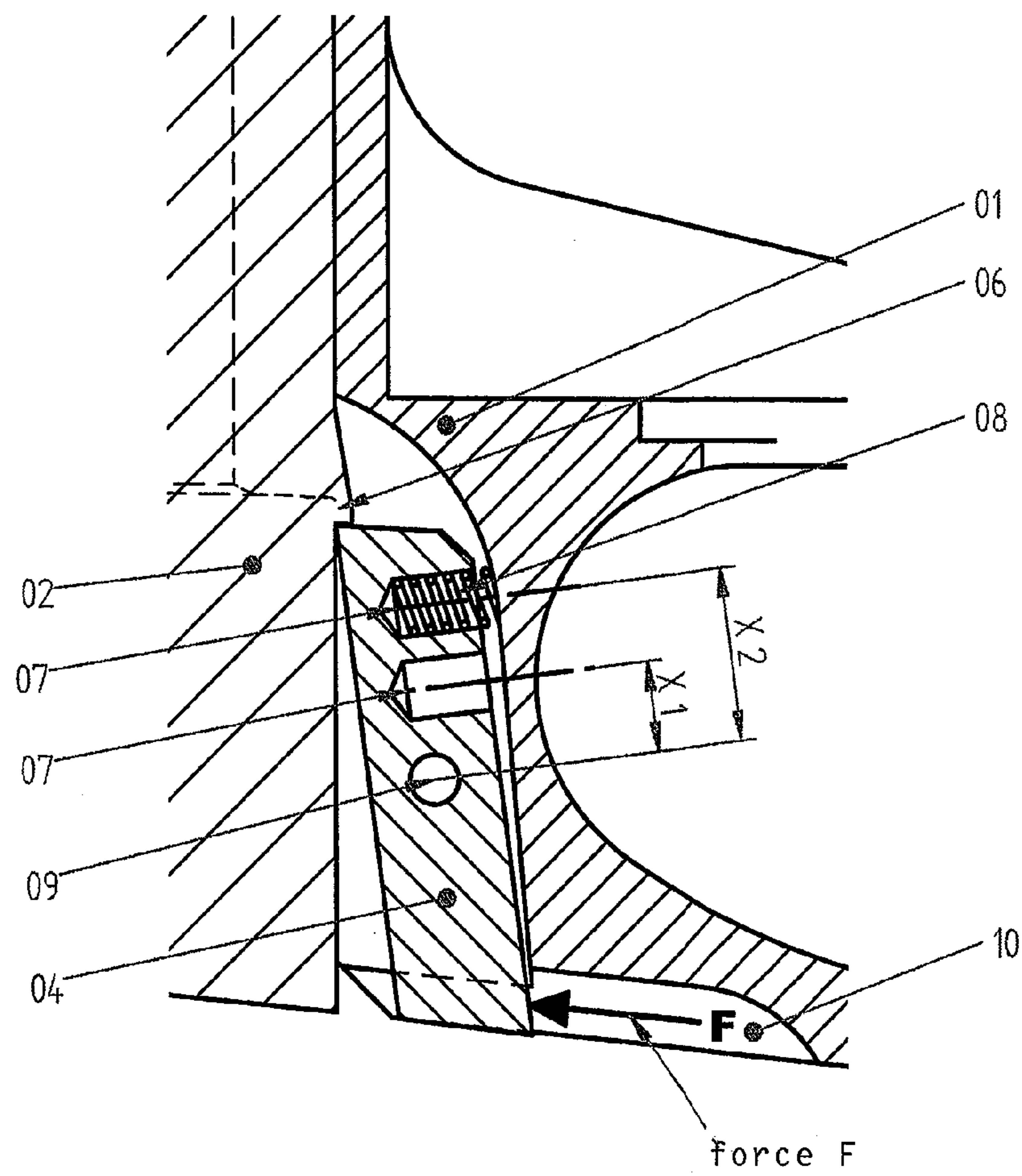
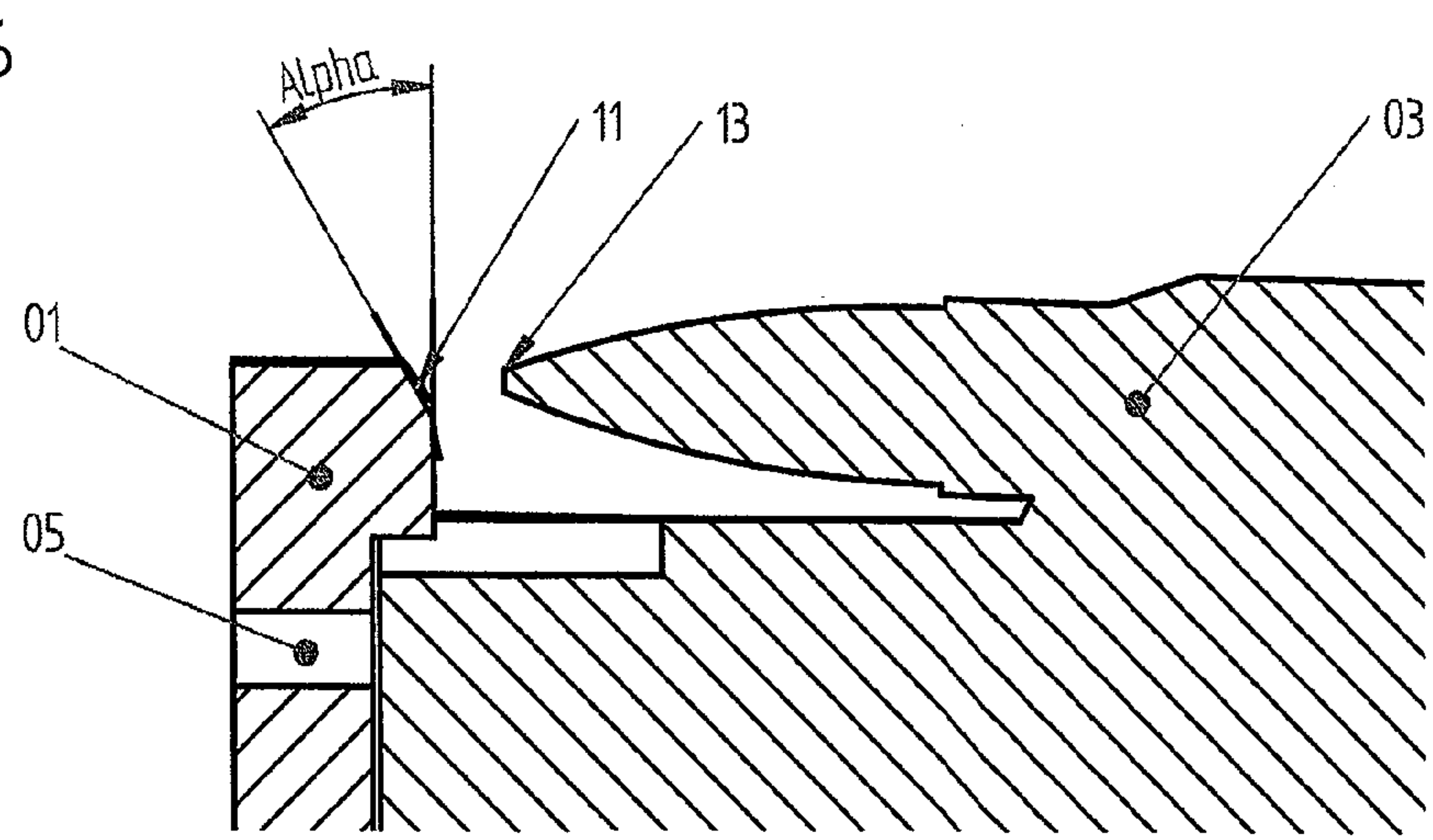


Fig. 6



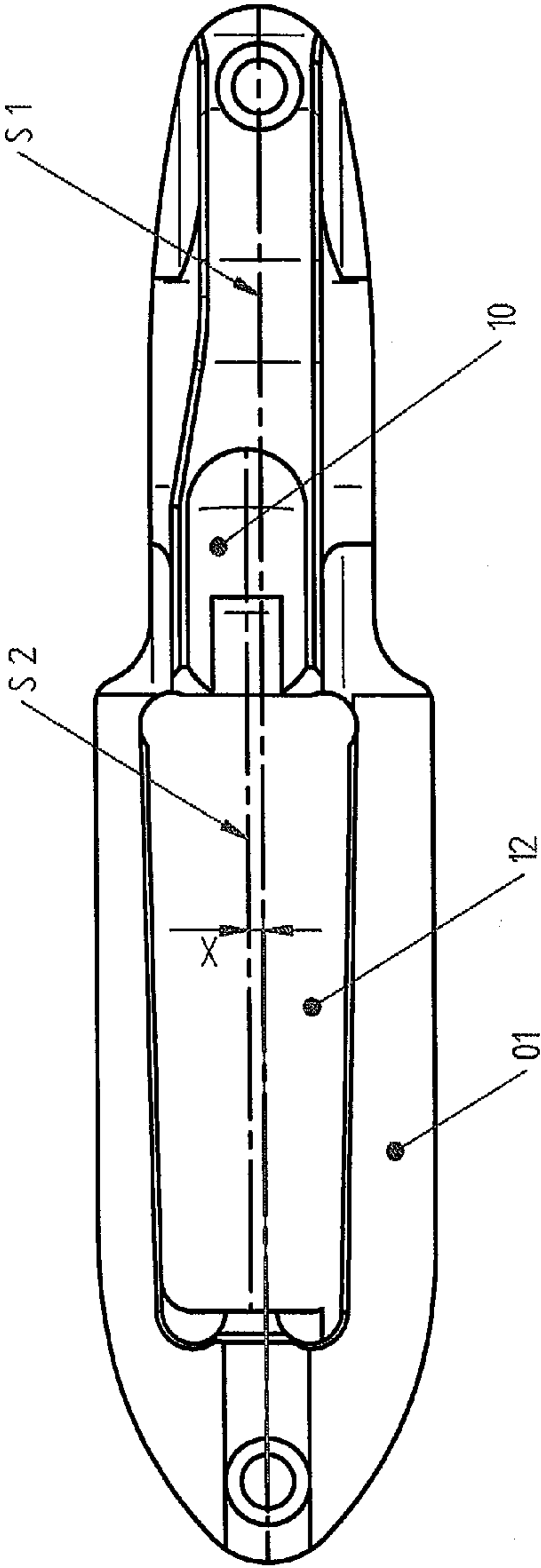


Fig. 7

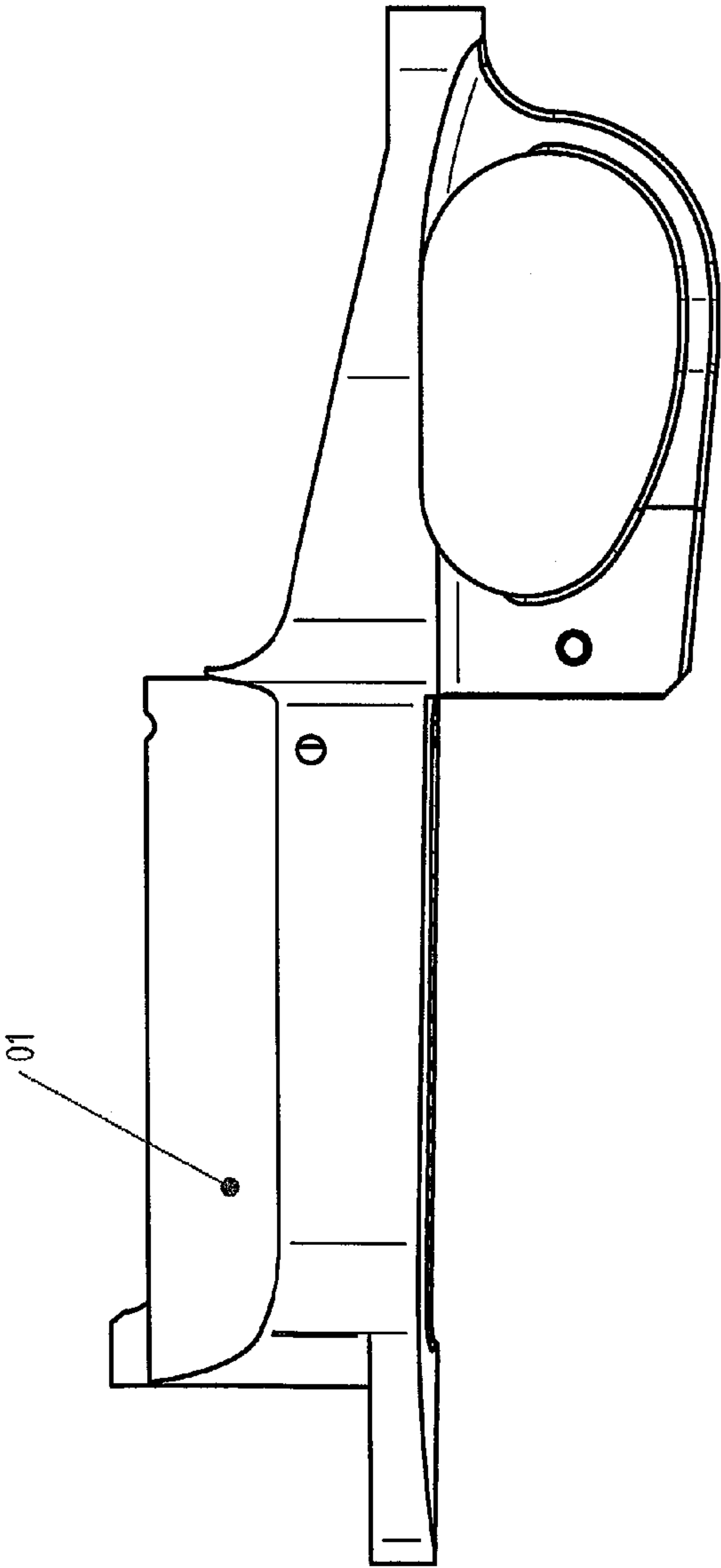


Fig. 8

TRIGGER FOR FIREARMS WITH REMOVABLE MAGAZINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The invention relates to a trigger for firearms with removable cartridge magazine, especially for repeater rifles.

[0002] The following types of triggers for firearms, preferably repeater rifles, with removable cartridge magazine are known:

- [0003] triggers made of metal or plastic material;
- [0004] triggers without a distinct feed ramp;
- [0005] triggers with projecting unprotected magazine securing levers;
- [0006] triggers with magazine securing levers made of metal;
- [0007] triggers with magazine securing levers that have only one spring or spring bore or have a spring leg that is wound about the axis, wherein the actuating force cannot be adjusted by the user;
- [0008] triggers with a magazine receptacle without the possibility of adjusting by means of screws the play between cartridge magazine and trigger;
- [0009] triggers with magazine receptacle arranged centrally relative to the symmetry axis.

[0010] It is an object of the present invention to improve a trigger for a firearm with removable cartridge magazine of any of the aforementioned kinds.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] Some modern firearms, in particular repeater rifles, have a trigger and a cartridge magazine of plastic material. Under load and with increasing age, triggers of plastic material have the tendency to break at the screw connections where they are attached at the stock/housing.

[0012] This problem is solved by producing the trigger of metal. According to the invention, it is achieved that in particular at the screw connections no stress cracks in the material are generated anymore.

[0013] Triggers for firearms, in particular repeater rifles, with removable cartridge magazine have no feed ramp in order to guide the cartridges upon reloading into the cartridge chamber of the weapon. Either this feed ramp is integrally formed on the weapon housing or on the plastic cartridge magazine, as in the case of repeater rifles of the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69. However, when it is desired to employ conventional commercially available metal cartridge magazines without feed ramp in these repeater rifles, this is not possible because on the weapon housing there is no feed ramp and commercially available metal cartridge magazines have no feed ramp so that the cartridges upon reloading are not guided into the cartridge chamber; this causes malfunction.

[0014] In accordance with the present invention, this problem is solved in that the trigger is provided with a distinct feed ramp positioned at a slant; the feed ramp during reloading lifts at a ramp angle Alpha the tip of the cartridge from the cartridge magazine and therefore guides the cartridge in the direction of the cartridge chamber of the rifle barrel. The cartridge magazine in this context is preferably a conventional commercially available metal cartridge magazine.

[0015] With the invention, it is thus achieved that in case of a repeater rifle, such as those of the type Steyr Mannlicher

Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69, a conventional commercially available metal cartridge magazine can be used.

[0016] A trigger with removable cartridge magazine has a magazine securing lever with an actuating section that can be operated by a finger and this actuating section is normally of a length of 1 cm to 2 cm; this actuating section normally projects from the trigger in order to be able to operate it easily by hand. By pressing down this lever, the locking mechanism is released and the cartridge magazine can be removed. These projecting levers have however the disadvantage that, when in use during hunting or in a police/military mission, they can catch on objects and can thus be accidentally actuated. In an extreme case, a cartridge magazine is lost without this being noticed and thus the contained ammunition is lost also.

[0017] This problem is solved in that the trigger has a magazine securing lever whose actuating section that is to be actuated by one finger is arranged in a protected position in a preferably semi-circular depression of the trigger body and is thus protected from accidental actuation. This embodiment achieves that the magazine securing (and release) lever can no longer be actuated accidentally.

[0018] Magazine securing levers are normally produced of metal and are spring-loaded against the metal cartridge magazine. Metals are not corrosion-resistant and corroded magazine securing levers can cause malfunction. Also, upon introduction of the cartridge magazine the metal surface of the magazine securing lever rubs on the metal cartridge magazine and can therefore damage the protective surface so that corrosion may occur at the now unprotected location of the cartridge magazine.

[0019] This problem is solved in that the magazine securing lever is produced of the high-strength plastic material polyoxymethylene, also known by the abbreviation POM or the name DELRIN®; this material can be machined easily by cutting.

[0020] With this embodiment, it is achieved that the magazine securing lever as a result of the employed material (the high-strength plastic material polyoxymethylene which can be easily machined by cutting) cannot corrode so that malfunction caused by corrosion can be prevented accordingly. At the same time, surface damage is prevented at the metal cartridge magazine and thus the generation of partial corrosion.

[0021] Magazine securing levers have normally a pressure spring or a leg spring for spring action relative to the cartridge magazine. The actuation force cannot be adjusted but is predetermined by the construction of the device.

[0022] This problem is solved in that the magazine securing lever has at least two bores for coil pressure springs. The bores should preferably have different effective distances relative to the axis of rotation in order to be able to influence the release force of the magazine securing lever by mounting the spring in different positions or by mounting two springs so that the release force can be adjusted individually. With this embodiment, it is achieved that the actuation force of the magazine securing level lever can be adjusted individually to the needs of the user.

[0023] In order for the cartridge magazine to be easily introduced into and removed from the magazine receptacle, play must be provided. Also, manufacturing tolerances between cartridge magazine and magazine receptacle may exist so that the metal cartridge magazine will always slightly rattle in a metal trigger. This noise is undesirable when hunt-

ing or when on a police or military mission. Elements for adjusting this play for noise reduction are not known in the art.

[0024] According to the present invention, this problem is solved in that, perpendicular to an insertion direction of a cartridge magazine into the magazine receptacle, at least two continuous threaded bores are provided in which set screws are seated with which the play between the cartridge magazine and the trigger body (magazine receptacle provided therein) can be adjusted. With this embodiment, it is achieved that the play of the cartridge magazine in the magazine receptacle of the trigger can be adjusted by set screws individually and disruptive rattle noise can be reduced to a minimum.

[0025] Modern cartridge magazines of firearms are produced of plastic material in order to reduce costs. However, these plastic cartridge magazines, due to the high forces of the magazine spring, in particular at the magazine lips, have the tendency to wear easily. Multi-part cartridge magazine configuration as they are known from the repeater rifles of the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69 have the tendency to expand at the connection points so that a reliable function is no longer ensured. Repeater rifles of the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69 have a cartridge magazine with rotary cartridge arrangement and with eccentric feed relative to the axis of symmetry of the weapon. This basic construction makes it impossible to employ a conventional and commercially available durable metal cartridge magazine that can be arranged centrally relative to the longitudinal symmetry axis of the weapon.

[0026] This problem is solved in that the longitudinal symmetry axis of the magazine receptacle is eccentric to the longitudinal symmetry axis of the trigger and therefore relative to the remainder of the weapon (length of the weapon); the cartridge magazine, which is preferably a commercially available metal cartridge magazine, can adjust to the eccentric shape of the weapon housing of repeater rifles, originally provided with plastic rotary cartridge magazines with eccentric cartridge feed as is known from the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69, without having to rework the weapon.

[0027] With the invention according to this embodiment, it is achieved that repeater rifles with rotary cartridge arrangement and eccentrically arranged feed relative to the symmetry axis of the weapon, as in the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L-"-"M"-"S"-"XL" and Steyr SSG69, can be retrofitted with a conventionally durable metal cartridge magazine.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0028] One embodiment of the invention is disclosed in FIGS. 1 through 8.

[0029] FIG. 1 shows in a perspective view the trigger with inserted cartridge magazine with one cartridge being shown at the top.

[0030] FIG. 2 shows a perspective view of the bottom side of the trigger with threaded bores in which set screws are arranged for adjustment of play between cartridge magazine and trigger.

[0031] FIG. 3 shows in a perspective view the trigger with removed cartridge magazine exposing the magazine securing lever mounted in the trigger.

[0032] FIG. 4 shows the cartridge magazine with catch.

[0033] FIG. 5 shows in section a detail view of the magazine securing lever positioning the cartridge magazine in the trigger at the contact location with the catch.

[0034] FIG. 6 shows the feed ramp of the trigger with ramp angle Alpha.

[0035] FIG. 7 shows a bottom plan view of the trigger.

[0036] FIG. 8 shows a side view of the trigger without cartridge magazine.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0037] FIG. 1 shows the trigger 01 with its trigger body and with an inserted cartridge magazine 02 in which a cartridge 03 is shown. Also visible is the feed ramp 11 which, upon reloading, guides the uppermost cartridge 03 across the feed ramp 11 provided with a ramp angle Alpha in the direction of the cartridge chamber of the rifle barrel.

[0038] FIG. 2 shows the trigger 01 with threaded bores 05 in which set screws are seated that are used for adjusting the play between the trigger 01 and the cartridge magazine 02. The cartridge magazine 02 is secured in its position by the magazine securing lever 04. The magazine securing lever 04 that is supported on the trigger body so as to be rotatable about axis 09 is located in a recessed, preferably semi-circular, depression 10 and can therefore not be accidentally actuated.

[0039] FIG. 3 shows the magazine securing lever 04 which is mounted on the trigger body of the trigger 01 and has an actuating section that is located in a recessed, preferably semi-circular depression 10, and therefore cannot be actuated accidentally.

[0040] FIG. 4 shows the cartridge magazine with the projection or catch 06; the cartridge magazine is positioned at the contact location within the trigger 01 by means of the magazine securing lever 04.

[0041] FIG. 5 shows the magazine securing lever 04 that positions the cartridge magazine 02 in the trigger 01 at the contact location relative to the projection 06. The magazine securing lever 04 that is rotatably supported so as to rotate about axis 09 is positioned in a recessed, preferably semi-circular, depression 10, and can therefore not be accidentally actuated.

[0042] The magazine securing lever 04 has preferably at least two bores 07 in which a spring 08 is seated. As a result of different effective distances X1 and X2 relative to axis 09, the actuation force F for the magazine securing lever 04 can be affected with a simple repositioning of the spring 08 into a different bore. Also, it is possible to mount two springs in order to increase the force. In this way, the actuation force F can be varied with simple means.

[0043] FIG. 6 shows the feed ramp 11 of the trigger body of the trigger 01 wherein the feed ramp 11 is positioned at a slant with ramp angle Alpha. The ramp angle Alpha must be at least somewhat greater than the static friction limit angle, preferably however greater than, for example, 30°-45°.

[0044] Upon reloading, the cartridge 03 is moved in the firing direction and the tip 13 of the projectile is lifted across the surface of the feed ramp 11 with the ramp angle Alpha and is guided in the direction of the cartridge chamber.

[0045] FIG. 7 shows the trigger 01 with eccentrically arranged magazine receptacle 12 that is eccentric to the longitudinal axis of symmetry S1. Because of the eccentric arrangement, the cartridge magazine 02, which is preferably a conventional commercially available metal cartridge magazine, is displaced by the distance X eccentrically to the lon-

itudinal axis of symmetry of the weapon in the trigger body in order to be adjusted or matched in this way to the eccentrically designed weapon housing as provided, for example, in the repeater rifles of the type Steyr Mannlicher Mod. "L"- "M"- "S"- "XL" and Steyr SSG69.

[0046] The specification incorporates by reference the entire disclosure of German priority document 20 2012 008 104 U1 having a filing date of Aug. 24, 2012.

[0047] While specific embodiments of the invention have been shown and described in detail to illustrate the inventive principles, it will be understood that the invention may be embodied otherwise without departing from such principles.

REFERENCE NUMERALS

- [0048] 01 trigger
- [0049] 02 cartridge magazine
- [0050] 03 cartridge
- [0051] 04 magazine securing lever
- [0052] 05 threaded bore for a set screw
- [0053] 06 projection/catch on the cartridge magazine
- [0054] 07 bore
- [0055] 08 coil pressure spring
- [0056] 09 axis of rotation of the magazine securing lever
- [0057] 10 semi-circular depression
- [0058] 11 feed ramp
- [0059] 12 magazine receptacle
- [0060] 13 projectile tip
- [0061] Alpha ramp angle of the feed ramp (preferably 30 to 45°)
- [0062] S1 symmetry axis of the trigger/firearm
- [0063] S2 symmetry axis of the magazine receptacle
- [0064] X distance of the eccentric arrangement of the magazine receptacle 12 in the trigger 01
- [0065] X1 effective distance of the coil pressure spring/bore to the axis of rotation 09
- [0066] X2 effective distance of the coil pressure spring/bore to the axis of rotation 09

What is claimed is:

1. A metal trigger for a firearm comprising:
 - a trigger body;
 - a magazine receptacle disposed in the trigger body and adapted to receive a removable cartridge magazine;
 - a magazine securing lever disposed on the trigger body;
 - the trigger body having a feed ramp positioned at a slant at a ramp angle relative to a barrel of the firearm;
 - wherein the feed ramp is adapted to lift during reloading of the firearm a projectile tip of a cartridge from a removable cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle and to guide the cartridge in a direction of a cartridge chamber disposed in the barrel of the firearm.
2. The metal trigger according to claim 1, wherein the trigger body has a depression and wherein the magazine securing lever has an actuating section that is positioned in the depression of the trigger body and is protected from accidental actuation.
3. The metal trigger according to claim 2, wherein the depression is of a semi-circular shape.
4. The metal trigger according to claim 2, wherein the magazine securing lever is made of high-strength, easily machinable POM (polyoxymethylene).

5. The metal trigger according to claim 2, wherein the magazine securing lever is provided with bores, wherein the bores each have a different effective spacing relative to an axis of rotation of the magazine securing lever, wherein by applying a release force on the magazine securing lever a cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle is released, wherein the release force causes the magazine securing lever to rotate about the axis of rotation, and wherein the release force is adjusted by mounting a coil pressure spring in one of said bores or by mounting a coil spring in each one of said bores, respectively.

6. The metal trigger according to claim 2, wherein, perpendicular to an insertion direction of a cartridge magazine into the magazine receptacle, at least two continuous bores are provided and set screws are seated in the at least two continuous bores, wherein play between a cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle and the magazine receptacle is adjusted by the set screws.

7. The metal trigger according to claim 2, wherein a longitudinal axis of symmetry of the magazine receptacle extending in a longitudinal direction of the firearm is eccentric to a longitudinal symmetry axis of the metal trigger extending in the longitudinal direction of the firearm, wherein a cartridge magazine is adjustable to an eccentric shape of a firearm housing of repeater rifles, provided originally with plastic rotary magazines with eccentric cartridge feed, without reworking the firearm.

8. The metal trigger according to claim 1, wherein the magazine securing lever is made of high-strength, easily machinable POM (polyoxymethylene).

9. The metal trigger according to claim 1, wherein the magazine securing lever is provided with bores, wherein the bores each have a different effective spacing relative to an axis of rotation of the magazine securing lever, wherein by applying a release force on the magazine securing lever a cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle is released, wherein the release force causes the magazine securing lever to rotate about the axis of rotation, and wherein the release force is adjusted by mounting a coil pressure spring in one of said bores or by mounting a coil spring in each one of said bores, respectively.

10. The metal trigger according to claim 1, wherein, perpendicular to an insertion direction of a cartridge magazine into the magazine receptacle, at least two continuous bores are provided and set screws are seated in the at least two continuous bores, wherein play between a cartridge magazine inserted into the magazine receptacle and the magazine receptacle is adjusted by the set screws.

11. The metal trigger according to claim 1, wherein a longitudinal axis of symmetry of the magazine receptacle extending in a longitudinal direction of the firearm is eccentric to a longitudinal symmetry axis of the metal trigger extending in the longitudinal direction of the firearm, wherein a cartridge magazine is adjustable to an eccentric shape of a firearm housing of repeater rifles, provided originally with plastic rotary magazines with eccentric cartridge feed, without reworking the firearm.

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